ELECTRONIC FLUORESCENT BALLASTS

Ballast Life

Philips Advance fluorescent electronic and magnetic ballasts are designed and manufactured to engineering standards correlating to an average life expectancy of 50,000 hours of operation at maximum rated case temperature. Since Philips Advance ballasts operate below their maximum case temperature in the majority of applications, increased ballast life can be expected. As a rule of thumb, ballast life may be doubled for every 10°C reduction in ballast case operating temperature. However, there are many variables, such as input voltage, ambient temperature, etc. which affect ballast operating temperatures, and therefore ballast life.

Lamp Operating Frequency

Electromagnetic ballasts and the lamps connected to them operate at an input voltage frequency of 60 Hertz (Hz), 60 cycles per second — which is the standard alternating voltage/current frequency provided in North America. Electronic ballasts, on the other hand, convert this 60 Hz input to operate lamps at much higher frequencies above 20 Kilohertz (kHz), 20,000 cycles per second. Philips Advance ballasts operate above 20 kHz, but avoid certain ranges such as 30-40 kHz (infrared) and 54-62 kHz (theft deterrent systems) due to interference issues.

Because electronic ballasts function at high frequency, the fluorescent lighting systems that they operate can convert power to light more efficiently than systems operated by electromagnetic ballasts (See chart below). For example, lamps operated on electronic ballasts can produce over 10 percent more light then if operated on electromagnetic ballasts at the same power levels. In effect, today's electronic ballasts provide additional energy savings by matching the light output from electromagnetic ballasts while operating the lamps at lower power. This is the main reason why electronic ballast systems are more efficient than magnetic ballast system.



Crest Factor

Lamp manufacturers use crest factor to determine ballast performance as it relates to lamp life. Lamp Current Crest Factor is a measurement of current supplied by a ballast to start and operate the lamp. It is basically the ratio of peak current to RMS (average) current. High crest factor currents may cause the lamp electrodes to wear out faster, reducing lamp life. Crest factor requirements are regulated by ANSI (American National Standards Institute) standards and specified by lamp manufacturers. For rapid

start and instant start T8 lamps the ratio is 1.7 maximum, and for instant start slimline lamps, it is 1 .85 maximum.



Weight and Size Advantages

Since electronic components in electronic ballasts are smaller and lighter than the core-and-coil assembly in electromagnetic ballasts, electronic ballasts can weigh less than half as much as comparable electromagnetic models. Almost all Philips Advance electronic ballasts have a smaller cross-section than electromagnetic ballasts but maintain the same mounting dimensions. This means that they can fit into all new fixture designs and can be easily retrofitted into existing fluorescent lighting systems.

Controllability

The ability of a building's occupants to control how they light their space is becoming an increasingly important factor for organizations in determining what real estate they will lease, buy or invest in. The ability to dim the lights or easily shut them off completely is a trend fueled not just by a desire to help the environment, but also by significant economic benefits. These benefits include greater energy efficiency — in terms of reduced HVAC costs as well as energy savings for lighting — more comfortable and productive working environments, and compliance with ever tighter energy efficiency regulations. Philips Advance offers five families of electronic controllable ballasts — ROVR, Mark 7 *0-10V*, Mark 10 *Powerline*, PowerSpec HDF, EssentiaLine *0-10V* and EssentiaLine *Powerline*.

Compatibility With Powerline Carrier Systems

A powerline carrier system (PLC) uses electronic wiring devices to send information via a high frequency signal over the 120V or 277V electrical power distribution system of a building. For example, PLC systems are used in automatic clock systems (master time systems) to synchronize all of the clocks in a building or reset the time after a power outage. They eliminate the need for maintenance personnel to reset hundreds of clocks throughout a facility.

In a PLC system, a generator is used to impose a 1 to 4V high frequency signal on top of the existing voltage sine wave (60 Hz). This signal is generally in the 2500 to 9500Hz range, with some older systems operating at 19,500Hz or higher. Some electronic ballasts which are capacitive can absorb the signal from a PLC system. As a result, the signal becomes too weak to be "heard" by the receiver (like a timeclock) connected to the powerline.

Instant Start vs. Rapid Start Sockets for Dimming

When using dimming ballasts in fixtures, sockets must be of the Rapid Start type. Many fixtures with T-8 Instant Start electronic ballasts use jumpered or "shunted" Instant Start sockets. Controllable ballasts require two distinctly separate wires for each lamp socket. If you encounter shunted or jumpered sockets in a retrofit application, they must be removed and replaced with Rapid Start sockets.





Fluorescent Lamp Burn-In

Today, most lamp manufacturers do not require the burn-in of linear fluorescent lamps prior to dimming in order to attain rated lamp life and stable electrical measurements. However, some manufacturers of compact fluorescent lamp sources do require a 100 hour burn-in prior to dimming. Consult your lamp manufacturer for their latest requirements.

ELECTRONIC FLUORESCENT BALLASTS

Ordering Information

How to Order

Philips Lighting Systems and Controls has developed the industry's broadest distribution system for electronic ballasts. More than 3000 stocking distributors nationwide. For information on the distributor best able to serve your needs, please call 800-372-3331.

Electronic Ballast Part Number Breakdown

ſ	`F	_	2	S	26	_	HI	_		
			-		20			-		
									CEL Moi	inting/Connector Options
										tem leads
									BLS = BO	ottom leads with mounting studs
									BS = Bot	tom mounting studs with single entry color coded connect
									EL = End	l leads with mounting feet with SmartMate® dual entry color coded con
									QS = Qu	ikStart
									Linear Fl	uorescent Mounting/Connector Options
									2LS = 2	Level Switching
								CFL	Can Desri	ption
								HI =	= Hybrid m = Metal cas	ietal / plastic case, size 1 se, size 1
								M2 =	= Metal cas	se, size 2
								M4 =	= Metal cas = Metal cas	se, size 3 se, size 4
								M5 =	= Metal cas = Metal cas	se, size 5
								Linea	ar Fluoreso = 90°C m	ent Can Desription
								A =	'A' can	axinum case temperature rating
								D = G =	'D' can 'G' can	
								HL =	= High ligh	t output
								L = '	'L' can = Low wa	:t
								MC	= Micro ca	n
								SC =	= Small can	
						lamn	Watts (F	rima	ry lamp)	
					Wiring C	onfig	uration		.,	
					ם <u>ב</u> ח ח = 2	sorio				
					M = Mod	lified	, parallel**			
					P = Paral	lel	1.0			
					Q = Qua	d CF	linea stai L, series	i rar	anei	
					S = Serie	s				
					ı = Tripl TTS = Lo	e CFI	∟, series vin tube.∷	serie	s	
					TTP = Lo	ong tv	vin tube,	paral	lel	
				Maxim	um Numl	per of	f Lamps			
								_		
	F	amil	y Nam	e						
	(CF =	Comp	act Flu	orescent		CN = Cer	ntium		
	E	5A = EB =	AmbiS	itar		E	LB = Am	, r. biSta	r	
	E	Z =	Mark	10 [®] Pov	werline	L	V = Esse	ntiaLi	ine <i>0-10V</i>	
	1 r	4в = ГR =	= Ambi	Star tiaLine	Powerline	C I	JP = Opt JV = Pure	aniun	n	
	Z	ZT =	Mark	7° 0-10	OV					
	: Vol	tage								
-	347\ Intel	√ liVol	t 347V	' to 480	0V 50/60	Hz				
ļ	Intell	liVoli	t 120V	to 277	V 50/60	Hz				

Corporate Offices

Customer Support/Technical Service (800) 372-3331 (+) | 847 390-5000 (International)

Visit our web site at www.philips.com/advance

- Plan your lighting installation carefully; consider using the services of a qualified lighting designer
- Consult your local electric utility regarding demand side management rebate programs.
- Select the Philips Advance electronic ballast which best matches the requirements of your application. The technical specifications in this catalog (located on pages 9-6 to 9-13) will be useful in obtaining bids from electrical contractors.
- Contact your local Philips Lighting distributor. You will find them to be a helpful supplier of both products and information.

(800) 322-2086

* Many current and all future electronic ballast part numbers will not use the "RH-TP" suffixes even though these ballasts will be thermally protected. ** Parallel Wiring Configuration. However, if one lamp fails, all other lamps in the circuit will extinguish.

R = 120V V = 277V

ELECTRONIC FLUORESCENT BALLASTS

	Allowed	Wiring Con	figuration	Maximum Lead Length (Feet) for Tandem or Through Wiring (Total length of all wires between ballast and lamp sockets)						
	Remote (max length)	Tandem	Through	Blue	Red	Yellow	Blue/White	Brown	Orange	Note
ICN-2540-N	20'	Yes	Yes	4'	10'	10'				2
ICN-2554	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	4'	20'				3
ICN-2S54-N	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	4'	20'				3
ICN-2S54-90C-SC	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	4'	20'				3
ICN-2586	12'	Yes	Yes	12'	4'	12'				3 (b)
ICN-25110-SC	20'	Yes	Yes	4'	20'	20'				2
ICN-2TTP40-SC	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	20'					
ICN-3P32-N	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	20'					(e)
ICN-3514-D	No	No	No							5
ICN-3TTP40-SC	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	20'					
ICN-4P32-N	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	20'	20'				(e)
ICNI-4554-90C-21 S-G	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	4'	4'	20'	20'	20'	7
IDA-128-D	6'	NIA	NIA	20		1	20	20	20	4
	No									5
IDA-152-3C	No									5
	 	NA	- INA Voc	۷'	6'	۷.				5
	Nia	Nie	Vec	с, Е,	0 	0 1'				2
IDA-2554	No.	No	Vec	5	4	4				2
IDA-2537	NI-	No.	Tes	С	4	4				3
	INO	INO	INO	17	1.057	E 21	1.252	4.21		5
IDA-4332	INO	No	Yes-8		1.25	5.2	1.25	4.2		3
IDL-2326-113-63	No	No	No							5
IDL-2142-M5-LD	No	No	No							5
IDL-2142-113-LD	Nia	Nia	Vaa	2'	2'	2'				2
		TNO Vee	Vee	3						د ۱
ILV 4\$22 C	D NI-	NL	Vec 0'	0	0	р Г. С.	1.252	4.2'		1 2
	201	INO	Tes-8	I	1.25	5.2	1.25	4.Z		3
	20									1 (e)
	20		INA							I (e)
	20	NA	NA							I (e)
IOP-IS32-LVV-SC	10'	NA	NA							4
IOP-IS32-SC	10'	NA	NA							4
IOP-2P32HL-SC	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	20'					I (e)
IOP-2P32-LW-SC	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	20'					l (e)
IOP-2P32-SC	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	20'					l (e)
IOP-2P59-SC	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	20'					l (e)
IOP-2PSP32-LW-SC	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	20'	18'				(e)
IOP-2PSP32-SC	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	20'	18'				l (e)
IOP-2PSP54-SC	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	20'	15'				
IOP-2S28-95-SC-SD	7'	Yes	Yes	7'	7'	7'				1
IOP-2S28-115-SC-SD	7'	Yes	Yes	7'	7'	7'				1
IOP-2S28-95-SC	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	20'	20'				
IOP-2S28-115-SC	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	20'	20'				
IOP-2S32-LW-SC	10'	Yes	Yes	4'	10'	10'				2 (d)
IOP-2S32-SC	10'	Yes	Yes	4'	10'	10'				2 (d)
IOP-3P32-HL-90C-SC	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	20'			-		(e)
IOP-3P32-LW-SC	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	20'					(e)
IOP-3P32-SC	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	20'					(e)
IOP-3PSP32-LW-SC	20'	Yes	Yes	20'	20'	18'	18'			l (e)

HIGH POWER FACTOR SOUND RATED A

Т8



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No. of Lamps	Input Volts	Lamp Starting Method	Ballast Family	Catalog Number	Input Power ANSI (Watts)	Ballast Factor	Max. THD %	Line Current (Amps)	Min. Starting Temp. (°F/°C)	Dim.	Wiring Dia.
F32T8,	FBO3IT	B, F32T8	3/U6 (32W)								
	120	IS	AmbiStar‡	REB-2P32-SC	33	1.00	140	0.48	0/-18	В	*64
				ICN-132-MC	30	0.88	10	0.25-0.11		A2	(2)
			Centium	ICN-1P32-N	31 36	0.90	10	0.26-0.12	0/-18	N	63
			Optanium	ICN-2P32-N		1.03	15	0.30-0.14			*64
				IOP-1P32-LW-SC	- 25	0.77	10	0.22-0.10		В	
				IOPA-1P32-LW-N						N	*64
				IOP-1P32-SC	- 28	0.87	10	0.25-0.11		В	
	120-277			IOPA-1P32-N						Ν	
1		IS		IOP-1P32-HL-SC	- 39-38	1.18	10	0.33-0.14		В	
				IOPA-1P32-HL-N						Ν	
				IOP-2P32-LW-SC	31	0.90	10	026-011	-20/-29	В	
				IOPA-2P32-LW-N				0.20-0.11		Ν	
				IOP-2P32-SC	35	1.05	10	030-013		В	
				IOPA-2P32-N	55	1.05	10	0.50-0.15	_	Ν	
				IOP-2P32-HL-SC	45	1 37	10	037-017		В	
				IOPA-2P32HL-N	15	1.57	10	0.37-0.17		Ν	
				IOP-2PSP32-LW-SC	26	0.73	10	0.22-0.10	0/-18	В	
				IOP-2PSP32-SC	32	0.94	10	0.27-0.12			77
				IOP-2PSP32-HL-SC	44	1.33	10	0.38-0.17			
		PS		IOP-1S32-LW-SC	25	0.72	10	0.20-0.09			20
			-	IOP-1S32-SC	28	0.88	10	0.24-0.10			20
				IOP-2S32-LW-SC	25	0.73	10	0.20-0.09			20
				IOP-2S32-SC	29	0.90	10	0.24-0.11			
		PS	Optanium	GOP-2PSP32-SC	34	1.03	10	0.10	0/10		77
				GOP-2PSP32-LW-SC	29	TBD	10	TBD	0/-18		//
	247			GOPA-1P32-LW-SC	26	0.77	10	0.08			62
	7	IC		GOPA-1P32-SC	30	0.88	10	0.09	-20/29	В	60
		ID		GOPA-2P32-LW-SC	31	31 0.88	10	0.09			* < 1
				GOPA-2P32-SC	34	1.03	10	1.03			04
	347/480	PS		HOP-2PSP32-HL-SC	TBD	TBD	10	TBD	0/-18		77

 \ddagger The above AmbiStar ballasts are normal power factor and labeled 'For Residential Use Only'



See pages 1-2 and 1-3 for specific SKU's that meet the NEMA Premium Standard

Refer to page 1-38 and 1-39 for dimensions Refer to page 1-58 and 1-59 for wiring diagrams Refer to pages 9-23 to 9-27 for lead lengths and shipping data

For 32W Lamps

T8

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HIGH POWER FACTOR SOUND RATED A



No. of Lamps	Input Volts	Lamp Starting Method	Ballast Family	Catalog Number	Input Power ANSI (Watts)	Ballast Factor	Max. THD %	Line Current (Amps)	Min. Starting Temp. (°F/°C)	Dim.	Wiring Dia.
F32T8,	FBO31T	8, F32T8	3/U6 (32W))							
	120	IS	AmbiStar‡	REB-2P32-SC	56	0.88	120	0.80	0/-18	В	64
	120	RS	PowrKut	RK-2S32-TP	66	0.86	15	0.60	50/10		21
	277	RS	PowrKut	VK-2S32-TP	66	0.85	15	0.26	50/10	A	21
				ICN-2M32-MC	59	0.88	10	0.50-0.21		A2	()
			Centium	ICN-2P32-N	59	0.88	10	0.49-0.22	0/-18	NI	64
				ICN-3P32-N	65	1.01	10	0.54-0.24		IN	*65
				IOP-2P32-LW-SC	- 48	0.77	10	0.41-0.17	- 20/ 29 -	В	*65
				IOPA-2P32-LW-N						Ν	
				IOP-2P32-SC	55-54	0.87	10	0.47-0.20		В	
			Optanium	IOPA-2P32-N						N	
		IS		IOP-2P32-HL-SC	74_72	118	10	0.62-0.26		В	
				IOPA-2P32HL-N	/ 1-/2	1.10	10	0.02-0.20		Ν	
	120-277			IOP-3P32-LW-SC	- 55-54	0.85	10	0.46-0.20	-20/-29	В	
				IOPA-3P32LW-N		0.05	10	0.10-0.20		N	
2				IOP-3P32-SC	63-62	1.00	10	053-023	- - - 0/-18	В	
2				IOPA-3P32-N		1.00	10	0.55-0.25		N	
				IOP-3P32-HL-90C-SC	80-79	1.38	10	0.67-0.29		В	
				IOPA-3P32-HL-N						Ν	
				IOP-2PSP32-LW-SC	46-45	0.71	10	0.40-0.17			
		DC		IOP-2PSP32-SC	58	0.85	10	0.48-0.21		В	77
		ГЭ		IOP-2PSP32-HL-SC	78-75	1.18	10	0.66-0.28			
				IOP-2S32-LW-SC	47-46	0.71	10	0.38-0.17			21
				IOP-2S32-SC	56-55	0.88	10	0.47-0.20			21
		DC	Optanium	GOP-2PSP32-SC	57	0.88	10	0.17	0/10		77
-		F2		GOP-2PSP32-LW-SC	52	0.71	10	TBD	0/-10		//
	247			GOPA-2P32-LW-SC	48 54	0.78	10	0.14			
	547	IC		GOPA-2P32-SC		0.88	10	0.16	-20/-29 B	В	64
		CI		GOPA-3P32-LW-SC	55	0.86	10	0.16		1	*/Г
				GOPA-3P32-SC	63	1.00	10	0.18			~63
	347/480	PS		HOP-2PSP32-HL-SC	TBD	1.18	10	TBD		1 1	77

[‡] The above AmbiStar ballasts are normal power factor and labeled 'For Residential Use Only'



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